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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW HAMPSHIRE

\*

IN RE: ATRIUM MEDICAL CORP.
C-QUR MESH PRODUCTS LIABILITY
LITIGATION

\* 16-md-02753-LM \* December 20, 2018

\* 2:45 p.m.

\* \*

TRANSCRIPT OF STATUS CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE LANDYA B. MCCAFFERTY

## APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiffs: Jonathan D. Orent, Esq.

Motley Rice, LLC

Russell F. Hilliard, Esq.

Susan A. Lowry, Esq. Upton & Hatfield, LLP

David Selby, II, Esq. Bailey & Glasser, LLP

D. Todd Mathews, Esq.

Gori Julian & Associates, PC

For the Defendants: Enjolique D. Aytch, Esq.

Rebecca Ocariz, Esq.

Ackerman, LLP

Mark Cheffo, Esq.

Dechert LLP

## APPEARANCES CONTINUED:

For the Defendants: Jack E. Friberg, Esq.

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Court Reporter:
Susan M. Bateman, LCR, RPR, CRR

Official Court Reporter

United States District Court

55 Pleasant Street Concord, NH 03301 (603) 225-1453

## PROCEEDINGS

THE COURT: Counsel, this is Judge McCafferty.

I'm going to go on the record now with our court

reporter and identify the case by name and docket

number.

In Re: Atrium Medical Corp. C-Qur Mesh

Products Liability Litigation, MDL number 2753-LM, all
cases.

And let's have counsel just introduce themselves. At this point our court reporter is familiar with last names, so I don't think you need to spell them, but throughout the call if you would just identify yourself right before you begin to speak, that would be very helpful to our court reporter.

And additionally, limit speaking roles to the lead counsel. You can just let me know who that's going to be for whatever issue is on the agenda, and please do not -- if you're not a lead counsel, just go ahead and mute your phone, but do not put your phone on hold or put us on hold. Thank you very much.

Let's go ahead and identify defense counsel first.

MS. AYTCH: This is Enjolique Aytch for the defendants.

MS. OCARIZ: Rebecca Ocariz for the

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    defendants.
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              MR. CHEFFO: Good afternoon, your Honor.
              This is Mark Cheffo also for the defendants.
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              MR. FRIBERG: Jack Friberg also for the
    defendants.
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              THE COURT: All right. Plaintiff's counsel.
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              MR. HILLIARD: Russ Hilliard, your Honor.
              MR. ORENT: Jonathan Orent, your Honor.
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              MR. SELBY: David Selby, your Honor.
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              MR. MATHEWS: Todd Mathews, your Honor.
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              MS. LOWRY: Susan Lowry.
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              THE COURT: Okay. I think that might be
13
    everybody for now. It looks like Attorney Evans may be
14
    joining us at some point.
15
              Okay. Let's start with the joint agenda, and
16
    we'll go through the agenda item by item.
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              The discovery dispute is No. 4, so I'm going
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    to handle that last, but let's go through item by item.
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              Status of depositions. I've certainly looked
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    through that. Is there anything else anyone wants to
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    add to agenda item No. 1? Go ahead.
22
              MR. ORENT: Jonathan Orent for the plaintiffs.
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              I was just going to add to this item that
24
    yesterday we were given some dates for Mr. Carlton's
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    deposition on the 9th of January and Mr. Karwoski's
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    deposition on the 16th of January.
              I've not yet had an opportunity to respond to
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    defendants. However, we will be accepting the date of
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4
    the 9th for Mr. Carlton's deposition.
              We do need, due to other depositions on the
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    same date, an additional date for Mr. Karwoski.
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7
              Other than that, we have nothing else from the
    plaintiffs on this issue.
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9
              THE COURT: Attorney Aytch.
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              MS. AYTCH: Attorney Orent said exactly what I
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    was going to say and also gave more information, so I
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    have nothing more on that, your Honor.
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              THE COURT: All right. Then we'll move to
    agenda item No. 2, and I can shortcut this by telling
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15
    you that I'm going to approve this amendment and we will
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    add it to the Court's orders and we will mark it
    accordingly. So No. 2 is taken care of.
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              No. 3 was alerting me that there is some sort
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    of dispute perhaps brewing but not yet ripe. Does
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    anything more need to be said on No. 3?
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              MR. ORENT: Your Honor, Jonathan Orent for the
22
    plaintiffs.
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                   The primary purpose of this is in light
              No.
    of the ongoing briefing through to -- excuse me --
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25
    related to the motion to dismiss, these discovery items
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which we discussed at the last hearing are directly involved and may be dispositive of some of the issues in that. And so we felt that it was important to alert the Court that these issues were outstanding, but certainly the substance is not yet ripe to address. Okay. And these are items of THE COURT:

discovery that would affect the evidentiary hearing potentially; is that right?

MR. ORENT: That is correct, your Honor. As you may recall, at the last hearing it was just several days after a shareholders' call was held by Getinge where they announced the reservation of some \$200 million for these cases as well as the sale -subsequently through a press release the sale of the mesh unit of Atrium.

So some of the information, for example, the source of the \$200 million, is something that we have yet to receive documentation on and is one of the items that we're seeking through the meet and confer process.

So items like that which are directly relevant to some of the elements involved are things that we are currently discussing in the meet and confer process.

We're hopeful, but as yet we have not received full satisfaction of our concerns as a result of multiple meet and confer letters that have been sent and

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    gone back and forth on at this point.
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              THE COURT: Okay. So that really isn't an
    issue ripe for discussion at this conference.
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4
              Would that be correct?
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              MR. ORENT: That's correct, your Honor.
    aren't at a point where we're ready for Court
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7
    intervention.
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              THE COURT: Okay. Anything further on that,
    Attorney Aytch, or can we move on?
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10
              MS. AYTCH: No, we can move on from that.
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    It's not ripe yet. We're taking issue with some of the
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    characterizations, some that are presented here when
13
    certain things were requested which were never requested
14
    and read into the court record what those exact requests
15
    are, but as Attorney Orent said, we are still in the
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    meet and confer process and hope that we're able to
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    resolve it, and if not, we will bring it through the
18
    proper channels under CMO3.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right. I'm going to
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    skip 4 for now.
21
              5 is essentially mooted by the Court's order
22
    of yesterday.
              No. 6 would be the time frame and format for
23
    an evidentiary hearing.
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25
              Okay. It's a little hard to hear, but I think
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1 that noise has stopped. And so maybe we'll also put No. 6 a little bit 2 on hold because I think this is something that the 3 4 parties are uniquely well-suited to resolve, but I'm 5 happy to weigh in on that and talk about a particular 6 time frame. 7 All right. No. 7 looks to put me on notice that plaintiffs intend to file some sort of motion to 8 clarify with respect to the intermediate standard of 9 review on the motion to dismiss, and so again that's 10 11 probably not ripe for discussion today. 12 Am I right about that? 13 MR. ORENT: That is correct, your Honor. 14 We will be filing that motion. My 15 understanding under the local rule, I think it was 7.1 16 or 71, was that we needed to give the other side notice 17 of our intention to file a sort of non-dispositive type 18 motion and get their position on it. 19 We added it to the agenda for largely notice 20 purposes, but we will certainly deal with the sum and 21 substance of that at some point when it's actually been 22 filed, and that may be as soon as this afternoon, your 23 Honor. 24 THE COURT: Okay. All right. 25 MR. CHEFFO: Your Honor, this is Mark Cheffo.

1 I agree with your Honor and Mr. Orent's 2 characterization. I think we obviously have a difference of opinion as to whether reconsideration or 3 4 clarification would be appropriate here, but my 5 understanding of how the Court wants us to handle that 6 is to kind of address that in response to their 7 submission. THE COURT: I think that's right. Obviously I 8 don't know what the request will be, but I think just 9 10 responding in writing, briefing the issue for me, and 11 then I can respond accordingly. 12 MR. CHEFFO: Thank you, your Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. No. 8 is an issue obviously 14 you continue to discuss as well, and it's regarding 15 plaintiffs' depositions. 16 Have you reached any agreement on that at all? 17 MR. ORENT: Your Honor, Jonathan Orent for the 18 plaintiffs. 19 I've had some productive discussions with Mr. 20 Cheffo over the last couple weeks relating to this 21 issue, and I believe that we have either a firm 22 agreement or close to an agreement. 23 What we have done -- what plaintiffs have done 24 is that we have sent defense counsel a list of proposed 25 dates for plaintiffs to be deposed along with sort of

geographic groupings, if you will.

So, for example, there are three individuals from the state of South Carolina, and we would conduct those depositions in the same week.

There are two individuals in Alabama. We would conduct those depositions in close proximity.

And one of the issues is of course scheduling doctor depositions as we need to take implanter and explanter depositions in these cases.

And what I've submitted to Mr. Cheffo is that we will work diligently to schedule the treating depositions in as close proximity as much as possible. Obviously that is a wild card with treating physicians, but we will do everything that we can over the next several weeks to schedule those treaters so that we can minimize the number of trips to these areas and try and maximize the efficiencies of having to travel in these cases.

MR. CHEFFO: Your Honor, this is Mark Cheffo.

I really don't have much to add other than to say I agree, and I appreciate Mr. Orent's, you know, kind of cooperation and professionalism. I think we're both trying to get to the same place, which is to basically -- as I'm sure your Honor would want us to be, as efficient as possible to make sure that we can use

1 all of our time and travel in a way. 2 So we're going to see if we can work with the plaintiffs and also see if we could while we're in 3 4 particular jurisdictions, you know, take some doctor 5 depositions as well to the extent that that's 6 practicable. 7 So I don't think there's really anything in dispute at this point. I think we're on the right 8 track, and this is probably, from my perspective at 9 10 least, more of a report. So I think we're in good 11 shape. 12 THE COURT: Okay. Good. All right. 13 That takes care then of No. 8. 14 So now let's head back to No. 4, and then we 15 can end with a discussion on anticipated time frame and 16 format for the evidentiary hearing. 17 MR. ORENT: Your Honor, this is Jonathan 18 Orent. 19 I'm going to just speak very briefly about 20 this issue before turning it over, to the extent your 21 Honor wants an item by item discussion, to Mr. Selby who 22 will be handling some of the bigger specifics, but I 23 wanted to just add a little bit of context to what this 24 discovery dispute is, and it is intertwined with some of

the motions that the Court has previously ruled on this

past week.

And in particular, this second set of requests for production related to the documents used to compile Reinhard Mayer's affidavit, which your Honor may recall was affixed to the original motion to dismiss.

Mr. Mayer was the original 30(b)(6) deponent prior to him coming down and being replaced with Mr. Hjalmarsson.

This issue is of particular importance and has dragged on for a while because, as your Honor is aware, Mr. Mayer came and went and then we had Mr. Hjalmarsson who submitted a largely identical affidavit who we actually did get documents for and were able to cross-examine him, but then since with the renewal of the motion to dismiss there's been an almost identical motion filed by Mr. Carlton that we moved to strike and some additional affidavits that we feel are almost identical to the issues sought in the second request for production.

These affidavits are largely not based in our belief upon personal information and in fact go as far as saying that they are based on communication, documents, and things other than the happenstance of the individual, the knowledge of the individual plaintiff.

Our concern, as we outlined in our motion to

strike Mr. Carlton, was that the 30(b)(6) process is designed to curb the bandying about of witnesses from saying, for example, well, John Smith says that Roger Clemens has the particular information, and Roger Clemens says Pedro Martinez has it, and Pedro Martinez says that Curt Schilling has it, and we never find out what the source of the information is.

That's the point of a 30(b)(6) process, and what we have here is phenomenally where the same affidavit, or largely the same affidavit is being passed from custodian to custodian affixing it, and we're never actually nailing down precisely which documents are the sum and substance of it. And we haven't been, quite frankly, able to get the deposition of some of these folks on the calendar before now.

So I think this context is important as we go into what the actual substance is of the argument, and with that I'll turn it over to Mr. Selby who is going to address the specific items.

THE COURT: Okay. All right.

Let me just ask an overarching question with respect to this second request for the production of documents.

All of them deal with, as you just described, Mayer's declaration and info regarding statements he

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    made in that declaration or affidavit.
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              Now, it appears that defendants agreed to give
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    plaintiffs the documents that Mayer relied on in
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    preparing his declaration.
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              Is that something that you have received,
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    Attorney Orent?
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              MR. ORENT: So my understanding is that on one
    hand we do have the documents. On the other hand, we've
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    also got several million documents from the defendants.
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              What is equally important is to know which
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    ones. So providing the documents without an
12
    identification as to what they are is a different story,
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    particularly when we're talking about witnesses who are
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    all roughly saying the same thing and who are not
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    relying on personal information for the purposes of the
16
    affidavit, and we have not yet had the opportunity to
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    depose, you know, I think that all is subject to
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    credibility analysis when we look at the universe that
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    each of these people used to form the affidavit and
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    whether or not it's the same and will be an issue in
21
    this evidentiary hearing.
22
              THE COURT: And you took the deposition
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    already of the Mayer replacement?
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              MR. ORENT: That is correct, your Honor.
25
              And as far as Mr. Hjalmarsson is concerned, we
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    believe that we do have the identification of those
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    documents based on the binders produced at that
    deposition. And so the concern is not so much with Mr.
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    Hjalmarsson as much as it is with Mr. Mayer, Mr.
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    Carlton, and I may be leaving one out as well.
              THE COURT: And you're already scheduled to
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7
    depose Mr. Carlton?
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              MR. ORENT: We are, your Honor. That was just
    scheduled yesterday.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right.
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              Let me ask some specific questions then about
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    some of the requests for production.
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              If we could all go to questions 5 and 6 for
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    the moment. I should say requests 5 and 6.
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              What I'm wondering is -- 5 and 6, are these
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    facts even relevant? Is Getinge still using any of
17
    these statements with respect to Datascope Corp.?
18
              5 and 6, can somebody tell me how those are
19
    relevant?
              MS. OCARIZ: Sure. Rebecca -- I'm sorry, your
20
21
    Honor. This is Rebecca Ocariz.
22
              And with respect to 5 and 6, essentially this
23
    just goes to the ownership chain. It just shows that
24
    Atrium is owned by Datascope, which is owned by Getinge
25
    Holding USA 2, which is owned by Getinge Holding, which
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1 is ultimately owned by Getinge AB. 2 And so while we do not have a specific I guess averment in a declaration or anything with respect to 3 4 that, I mean the main point is that all of these 5 entities are indirectly owned by Getinge AB. THE COURT: And would this be something that 6 7 would have been inquired about with Mr. Hjalmarsson at 8 his deposition, these facts? MS. OCARIZ: It certainly could have been. 9 mean, essentially what our position is on 5 and 6 is 10 11 that we have already produced documents that show that 12 Atrium is a wholly owned subsidiary of Datascope. 13 For example, in No. 5 we produced a number of 14 consents of the sole stockholder of Atrium, which is a 15 formal corporate document which shows that Datascope is 16 the sole stockholder of Atrium. 17 With respect to No. 6, the same thing. We 18 have produced formal corporate documents that show that 19 Getinge Holding USA 2 owns a hundred percent of the 20 stock in Datascope. 21 And so really our position is what more do the 22 plaintiffs want. All of these requests have been couched in terms of all documents. 23 24 THE COURT: Right. 25 MS. OCARIZ: And our position is, you know,

any additional documents that we could turn over to show that Atrium is a hundred percent owned by Datascope is just cumulative of what we've already produced.

THE COURT: Right. In fact, with respect to No. 5, you indicate that your response to the request for production No. 15 would be duplicative.

I don't think you have anything about No. 6 with respect to duplicative evidence, and No. 6 is one of the few that I did actually -- your answer to it one of the few, very few frankly, that I thought were truly boilerplate oriented. Most of the boilerplate allegations made by plaintiffs were not sustained by what the parties produced for me to read before this agenda.

I found even the first response, which is dated back in April, I believe, the defendant's first response had a number of specifics with respect to each of these requests.

No. 6 though I didn't see much beyond boilerplate, but I did -- I think I did see in your letter perhaps, in your June letter, Attorney Ocariz, that you did reference that you had already produced certain documents and that if there were anymore you would produce them within two weeks with respect to No. 6.

MS. OCARIZ: So in preparing for the hearing, you know, I did go back and I looked at what documents were produced with respect and that relate to each request, and there are at least two that were produced in jurisdictional discovery.

And the first is an organizational chart that shows the legal relationship between Getinge AB and its subsidiaries, and so that shows in both a graphic form and also in a list form what entity owns what entity and the entire ownership chain from the subsidiary all of the way up to Getinge AB.

And then also, as I mentioned with respect to No. 6, we produced a formal document, it's an agreement and plan of reorganization, and within that formal corporate document it states that Getinge Holding USA 2 owns a hundred percent of the outstanding stock in Datascope.

So again our position is anything else that we could produce that would be responsive to this request is simply cumulative of what we've already produced and that, you know, given the request for all, which this Court in a prior hearing has already recognized is overbroad, you know, we would be arguably tasked with looking at e-mails that say, oh, well, you know, this is just a stray e-mail from one business person to another

1 that says that Datascope is a wholly owned subsidiary of Getinge Holding USA 2. That document would be 2 3 responsive as all. 4 THE COURT: Right. MS. OCARIZ: So again our position is just we've produced documents that show this and we should 6 7 not be tasked with producing all. THE COURT: All right. Let me hear from --8 and just limit yourself, if you would, Mr. Selby, to No. 9 10 5 and No. 6, and tell me why the chart with the graphic 11 chart organization, as well as the list, in addition to 12 the plan of reorganization, why those aren't sufficient. 13 MR. SELBY: Well, your Honor, first I would 14 say as far as sufficient, and hearing Rebecca's 15 statement with regard to what has been produced and what 16 has been produced specifically with regards to each of 17 those two requests, we can certainly have further 18 discussion along that line. 19 And if that is -- if what they are saying is, 20 hey, this is all the documents that are responsive to 21 that request, here's what they are, and that's it, with 22 the understanding that there's also not a caveat that 23 that's it with the exception of we still maintain our 24 objection and maintain that objection as to overbroad, 25 et cetera, so we don't know are there documents not

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    being produced because of the remaining objection.
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              THE COURT: Okay. All right. Let's go to 27,
    if you would jump ahead to that one.
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              That deals with trademark/service mark
    application with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
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    filed by Getinge in March of 2017.
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              I could see that largely being attorney-client
    privilege material. Tell me why that is relevant, Mr.
8
    Selby.
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              MR. SELBY: Well, that is simply relevant just
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    to show the ownership of that trademark/service mark
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    application, you know, who was preparing it, you know,
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    what went into the process of preparing it, and why --
14
    (call cuts out) -- Getinge.
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              THE COURT: Okay. But why is it relevant to
16
    the jurisdictional question?
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              MR. SELBY: I'm sorry, your Honor. Say that
18
    again.
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              THE COURT: Tell me why that is relevant to
20
    the jurisdictional question.
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              MR. SELBY: Well, our position is it's
22
    relevant to the jurisdictional question, again, just to
23
    show specifically with regards to I quess the ownership
24
    of it, if you will, and what went into that. If they
25
    are truly "separate entities" for purposes of
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jurisdiction, then what was done here in the United
States with the Patent and Trademark Office of Getinge
is relevant to that issue.
          THE COURT: I'm not seeing that. Maybe you
could be a little -- back up a little bit and maybe be a
little bit more basic with respect to the facts.
          How is this trademark application filed by
Getinge, how is that going to help me decide the
jurisdictional question?
          MR. ORENT: Your Honor, this is Jonathan
Orent, if I might.
          Basically it shows that Getinge is the actual
owner of the intellectual property related to the
product at issue in these cases, and that in assuming
and in actually performing the work, in preparing the
application and doing the due diligence that they are in
fact the brains of the Atrium operation, if you will,
your Honor.
          So this all goes to our contention that Atrium
is a sham corporation and that Getinge AB is effectively
controlling and doing the work that results in the
underlying facts of this lawsuit.
          THE COURT: And the trademark application
deals with C-Qur?
          MR. ORENT: It includes the trademark and some
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    of the trademark and service for the labeling. So I
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    should say it's not just the patents but also the
3
    trademarks of the products being used and sold.
4
              So for example, right now it's my
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    understanding that the actual products sold in
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    magazines, the advertisements actually have the Getinge
7
    name with the C-Qur device.
              So there is intellectual property that is
8
    owned related to those items that is directly relevant
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10
    to whether or not Getinge is here availing itself in the
11
    jurisdiction as well as some of the other issues.
12
              So if your Honor looks actually back at No.
13
    26, which is General Surgery News.
14
              THE COURT:
                         Yes.
15
              MR. ORENT: In General Surgery News the
16
    advertisement is for Getinge C-Qur mesh. We believe
17
    that there was likely a patent trademark application
18
    filed by Getinge AB in March of 2017 relating to the
19
    surgical and other types of intellectual property that
20
    were developed and utilized in things like that.
21
              And so that's specifically what we are looking
22
    for is a recognition that Getinge is the designer, that
23
    they are the real brains, if you will, of the operation
24
    and again controlling the individual actions of Atrium.
25
              THE COURT: All right.
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1 MS. OCARIZ: Your Honor, if I may. 2 THE COURT: Go ahead. You may. MS. OCARIZ: So the issue of who filed the 3 4 trademark and whose trademark it is is not in dispute. 5 The plaintiffs filed a set of requests for 6 admissions, and one of the admissions was to admit that 7 in March 2017 Getinge AB filed a trademark/service mark application with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office 8 for the following mark, and there is a picture of the 9 10 Getinge mark and that was admitted. There was another admission that asked for a 11 12 document attached to as Exhibit 1, admit that it's a 13 true and correct copy of the trademark and service mark 14 application with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office 15 filed by Getinge AB in March 2017. That was also 16 admitted. 17 These trademark applications do not deal with 18 They deal with Getinge, and the labeling on the 19 C-Our product is still C-Our. It is not Getinge. 20 Mr. Orent mentioned some advertising in 21 General Surgery News and that does have the Getinge 22 trademark on it, but it also mentions Atrium, albeit in 23 the fine print. 24 But to the extent that plaintiffs want to make

the argument that, you know, there is no Atrium, it's

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    all Getinge, they can -- they're able to make that
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    argument and have made that argument based on the
    request for admissions.
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              Getting the actual application and all of the
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    communications between Getinge and outside counsel in
 6
    preparing this would be an extremely laborious task that
7
    would result in an extremely large privilege log.
              And so our position is that the plaintiffs
8
    have what they need through their requests for
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10
    admissions, and that to the extent that it is relevant
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    to the jurisdictional inquiry it's only tangentially
12
    relevant. The process that we would have to go through
13
    is not proportional to the limited evidentiary benefit
14
    that the plaintiffs would receive since they already
15
    have this same information through their RSAs.
16
              THE COURT: Okay.
17
              MR. ORENT: Your Honor, just one quick
18
    response.
19
              We're not asking for the attorney-client
20
    information here or the communications with patent
21
    counsel.
              That being said, I mean really what we're
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23
    looking at here are internal documents and the internal
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    thinking, but other than that I don't think we really
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have anything else to add on this or on this particular

1 item. 2 THE COURT: Your question asks for all documents and information relied upon by defendants in 3 4 preparing the trademark application. So that does seem to ask for everything that the defendants used in preparing for that trademark application, and that would 6 7 seem to me to include a large portion of attorney-client privilege information. 8 Anybody else want to be heard on 27? 9 MS. OCARIZ: Your Honor, if I might just on 10 11 one final point. 12 Part of the problem that we had with this 13 entire document request is the fact that, you know, a 14 number -- well, all of the requests ask for all, and 15 there hasn't been any meaningful effort to try to narrow 16 the scope of any of these. 17 In our last communication to the plaintiffs we 18 repeatedly offered to participate in a meaningful 19 conferral to try to narrow the scope and just to make 20 sure that we weren't talking past each other, you know, 21 in the event that we were misapprehending the basis of 22 the plaintiffs' claim to the entitlement of these

And that letter that we sent on November 16th followed on the heels of a meet and confer that we had

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documents.

with Attorney Schiavone on November the 1st which after the exchange of a few letters and communications was a hundred percent successful. We resolved every discovery dispute. We gave some. She gave some. You haven't heard anything about that.

So that was just kind of an overarching issue that we've had. I mean we're not unreasonable. We just quite frankly don't understand some of these requests and particularly the breadth of many of these requests in light of the fact that we have already produced documents.

You know, a lot of these requests just ask for a finite data point, you know, who are the officers and directors, for example, of Atrium. Once you get that from one source, you know, our position is it's not necessary to get it from every source. This is not a situation where, you know, you need to know who knew what when. It's basically, you know, what temperature is it today, and we told you.

THE COURT: I want to move to request 18 and 19 if you would. 18 and 19 appear again to ask for everything in broad language, but it seems to me 18 is asking for a federal tax return and 19 is asking for a state tax return.

Are those -- just those returns, first of all,

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    I guess are they still relevant, and secondly, could the
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    defendants just provide those if they are relevant, 18
3
    and 19?
4
              MR. ORENT: Your Honor, if I might just make
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    some of this easier. With the exception of these tax
6
    return items, if I'm hearing Ms. Ocariz correctly that
7
    she wishes to reengage in the meet and confer process,
8
    we would support that and would be happy to deal with
9
    that.
10
              The two items that we are most particularly
11
    interested in and are pinpoint documents that we have
12
    not received are those tax returns.
13
              THE COURT: Okay. So let me cut to the chase.
14
              18 and 19.
                          Let me ask Attorney Ocariz. Can
15
    you provide those tax returns narrowing 18 and 19,
16
    narrowing the scope significantly, just those documents?
              MS. OCARIZ: Well, I mean, I guess a couple of
17
18
    things is that, you know, the request is asking for, you
19
    know, all documents and information, and again this
    was --
20
21
              THE COURT: I understand the request says
22
    that, but right now they're willing to limit that in a
23
    manner that I'm suggesting, which would just be handing
24
    over the tax returns. So it would be the federal tax
25
    return referenced in 18 and the state tax return
```

1 referenced in 19. 2 Is that something you could do? MS. OCARIZ: Well, your Honor, it's our 3 4 position that these requests are no longer relevant. 5 THE COURT: Okay. MS. OCARIZ: They related to an averment in 6 7 the declaration of Reinhard Mayer. That again was, you 8 know, a declaration in support of a motion to dismiss that was denied. 9 10 In filing our renewed motion, you know, we 11 looked at the facts that we needed and decided that 12 these were not facts that we needed to set forth in 13 order to show that there is no personal jurisdiction 14 over Getinge, and so the production of these tax returns 15 is not going to go one way or another to any issue in 16 resolving the alterego allegations and theory or the 17 agency theory. It's no longer relevant. 18 It is a little bit more than just a tax 19 return. It's tax returns since the acquisition, which is 2011. 20 21 And 19 deals with state returns, and it's my 22 understanding that there's more than one state. You 23 know, this isn't a personal return. It's a corporate 24 return. 25 And so I understand that these are also

1 voluminous documents, and part of the reason why we didn't include this in the renewed motion is because 2 these are particularly sensitive documents. 3 4 didn't include it, it's no longer relevant, and our 5 position is that we should not be required to turn them 6 over. 7 THE COURT: Okay. Let me hear from Attorney Selby on just the relevance, or Attorney Orent. 8 9 MR. ORENT: Your Honor, Jonathan Orent. 10 The simple issue is that Getinge -- excuse 11 me -- Atrium has been selling every unit of product that 12 they make at a financial loss. Roughly 35 percent. 13 they make a product that costs them a dollar. They sell 14 it for 65 cents. 15 As a matter of loss, to avoid committing tax 16 fraud, they have to account for it in some way. So 17 through a -- the way in which they declare it on their 18 tax forms, the way in which their consolidated 19 financials are prepared ultimately shows how the 20 siphoning off of money can occur in a legal way and how 21 the profits -- because ultimately that widget that they 22 sold for 65 cents is being sold not to the world but to 23 another Getinge company. And so there is a profit made 24 ultimately when the Getinge entity sells it to a 25 hospital or a doctor or wherever. And so what happens

is that money needs to be accounted for so as to not commit tax fraud because it is the corporate relationship between the two.

So this all has to do with whether or not Atrium is being undercapitalized, whether or not they're appropriately accounting for this money, and how the money is being pulled from one entity to another.

excuse me -- Atrium accounts for what they call group -- I can't think of the term offhand, but essentially group contributions. So they receive money from the parent company Getinge to cover certain items where they might have contributed some amount to the work.

There is another factor, which is all of the sort of administrative type services, the HR, the legal, the whatever are outsourced to Getinge at a 3 percent profit margin to Getinge. It's another way that we think that these types of things might show up on the tax returns because there's business being done between entities.

And so the real way, in addition to the profit and loss statements that we have, to really understand what's going on is to actually get into these tax returns and financials.

THE COURT: Okay. Attorney Ocariz, go ahead.

1 MS. OCARIZ: Thank you, your Honor. 2 So I guess, as an initial matter, we completely disagree with the characterization of the 3 4 product being sold at a loss. We submitted a 5 declaration with our reply that explains that the product is not sold at a loss, but that being said, I 6 understand that that's plaintiffs' position and that is 7 what it is. 8 But with the -- I guess we would just disagree 9 10 that it is relevant because the plaintiffs have already 11 been provided with all of the relevant financial 12 information for Atrium. They have the P&Ls, they have 13 the balance sheets, and so they are well aware of 14 Atrium's financial position. 15 They have also been provided with any payments 16 from Getinge AB to Atrium, any payments from Atrium to 17 Getinge AB. They've been provided with intercompany 18 loans between Atrium and some of the Getinge AB 19 affiliated entities. They have been provided with 20 documentation that shows capital contributions to 21 Atrium. They've been provided with documents that show 22 distributions from Atrium to its immediate parent 23 Datascope.

They have a substantial amount of financial information that bears on the issues of adequate

24

capitalization, and this is just a fishing expedition.

The issue of tax fraud is not an issue that is going

to have any relevance as to the jurisdictional question

that's before the Court.

And also I guess -- the other point, the other overarching point that I just wanted to raise is just the timing of this motion to compel is that, you know, our responses were served way back in April, and plaintiffs have already served their objection to our motion to dismiss. And in that objection they've taken the position that the evidence that they have to date is adequate to demonstrate a likelihood of each element of personal jurisdiction. So quite frankly anything that we turn over at this point is simply cumulative of their position and is not proportional given just the limited jurisdictional inquiry and the limited jurisdictional discovery that a litigant is entitled to.

THE COURT: All right.

MR. ORENT: Your Honor, if I could just deal with a couple of the issues raised.

Number one, this issue received new importance because of this \$200 million set-aside as well as the sale of the mesh units.

We, quite frankly, are unable to look at the balance sheets and identify where this \$200 million is

1 coming from, and that is a very important issue 2 ultimately to determine whether Atrium was capitalized or undercapitalized because we have a statement from the 3 4 company asserting essentially what their liability is 5 for this item only. Additionally, it is received for your import 6 7 because the affidavit of Mr. Carlton was submitted with that motion. 8 9 And so it is true that we do feel confident in the evidence as it exists now. However, we think that 10 11 the fact evidence, some very powerful evidence, is in 12 the tax treatments and in the way that the return was 13 filed. And we believe that there is no other source 14 that duplicates the type of information that may be contained in the tax records. 15 16 So we think that that information may quite 17 frankly be dispositive of the issue in and of itself or 18 at the theoretical level has that power, and so we're 19 not talking --THE COURT: What's the time frame that you're 20 21 seeking? 22 MR. ORENT: If we could have it from 2009 23 through to the present, the most recent tax information, 24 that would give us two years of the base as well as

several years under the old method in which Getinge

1 controlled the subsidiaries. So prior to about 2015 or so, 2014-2015 Getinge executed its control over its 2 3 subsidiaries in one manner. And then beginning in 2015, 4 transitioning to 2016, and then full year 2017, it 5 really executed control of its subsidiaries in a 6 different way. 7 And so having this snapshot of these three different timelines around this ten-year period is 8 ideally what we would look for. 9 10 THE COURT: Okay. Let me ask about request 11 Nos. 23, 24 and 25. 12 MS. OCARIZ: Your Honor, may I just make two 13 points on the last issue? I understand that you want to 14 move on, but they are quite important. 15 The first thing, that the tax returns will not 16 show the source of the \$200 million reserve. And also 17 to the extent that the plaintiffs have any confusion 18 about the balance sheet or the P&Ls, they had noticed 19 the deposition of the Atrium 30(b)(6) deponent, and one 20 of the topics was the balance sheet and the P&Ls. 21 And the Getinge AB corporate representative 22 was only testifying as to the figures as they appeared 23 on the P&L and on the balance sheet. So to the extent 24 that plaintiffs wanted to get behind any of the numbers,

they had the opportunity and they decided not to pursue

1 it. 2 MR. ORENT: We disagree with that assertion. With regard to some of the other items I 3 4 think, your Honor, specifically the items that you were 5 asking about, number --THE COURT: 23, 24 and 25. 6 7 What I'm going to ask is whether or not these could be limited. And again, this might have been 8 something you would have been able to meet and confer 9 10 about with the defendants, but what I'm wondering with 11 respect to 23, 24 and 25 is whether or not defendants 12 would be willing to provide plaintiffs simply with 13 citations to the specific provisions and a very brief 14 statement with respect to the theory that those statutes 15 prohibit you from turning over or producing certain 16 documents and information. 17 So it would simply severely limit what's being 18 requested in 23, 24 and 25, and I don't think it would 19 be seeking, you know, any of the attorney-client 20 information that you reference in your objections to 21 those. 22 So let me just shortcut that by asking 23 Attorney Ocariz whether or not that's something you 24 could do by way of answering 23, 24 and 25. 25 MS. OCARIZ: I guess the trouble with that is

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1
    that that would require us to create a document, which
2
    is not typically what we do, you know, in responding to
3
    a document request.
 4
              I mean this is seeking discovery on discovery.
5
    If the plaintiffs want to compel documents where a
 6
    privacy objection has been lodged, they can move to
7
    compel the documents and test the objection.
8
        (Someone puts phone on hold and music is playing)
              Hello?
9
              THE COURT: Somebody just needs to put their
10
11
    phone not on hold.
12
              Is there any way you can find out whose phone
13
    is on hold here, because I'm going to have to cut
14
    everybody off and have everybody redial.
15
               (Music continues)
16
              Okay. What I'm going to do is have everybody
17
    call back in using the same method, and then we'll get
18
    you back on the phone. I would like to find out who put
19
    their phone on hold so I can deal appropriately with
    that individual.
20
21
              All right. So everybody call back in.
22
               (RECESS)
23
              THE COURT: All right. Counsel, we're going
    to start fresh here, and I need you to just state who
24
25
    you are so we know who is on part two of this status
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1
    conference hearing.
              We'll start with defense counsel.
2
3
              MR. CHEFFO: Mark Cheffo is on.
4
              MS. AYTCH: Enjolique Aytch for the
    defendants.
5
              MS. OCARIZ: Rebecca Ocariz for the
6
7
    defendants.
              MR. FRIBERG: Jack Friberg for the defendants.
8
9
              THE COURT: Okay. Plaintiff's counsel.
10
              MR. ORENT: Jonathan Orent.
11
              MR. HILLIARD: Russ Hilliard.
12
              MS. LOWRY: Susan Lowry.
13
              THE COURT: Any other plaintiff's counsel?
    I've got Attorney Orent, Attorney Lowry and Attorney
14
    Hilliard.
15
16
              MR. SELBY: And David Selby, your Honor.
              THE COURT: Okay. All right. So the only
17
18
    plaintiffs' counsel on the call are Attorney Orent,
19
    Attorney Selby, Lowry and Hilliard?
20
              MR. ORENT: That's correct.
21
              THE COURT: Okay. All right.
22
              And I've got for defense counsel Attorney
23
    Aytch, Ocariz, Friberg and Cheffo. Is that correct?
24
              MR. CHEFFO: Yes, your Honor.
25
              MR. AYTCH: Yes. That's correct, your Honor.
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THE COURT: I was told I had eleven so I'm short three people, but no matter.

We've got the court reporter still here, and I have no idea who was the individual who put their phone on hold. It's happened multiple times for these status conferences, and I can tell you that before the next status conference I am going to warn counsel that if they put their phone on hold and I'm able to detect whose phone it is, hopefully that person would tell me, they will receive a fine, a personal fine of \$250 if this happens again.

Now, I got -- I learned from Attorney Esposito that counsel were just willing to meet and confer. What I would like to do rather than have you continue to meet and confer -- because one of the things that I need to do for this case is keep the case on track and not have it go off the rails, and I would say April to December on a motion to compel is somewhat off the rails in terms of timing.

And so what I would like to do I think is to give you a sense of where I was headed with an informal ruling on this in light of the fact that the parties are willing to meet and confer. What I'm going to do is just summarize for you where I was headed, and I want to make it clear what requests I was willing to compel

answers to. I was obviously going to make an informal ruling based on everything that I've read in the party's position papers, and obviously if formal litigation was desired, then formal litigation would be had with respect to any disagreements with an informal ruling.

But I just want to make clear for the record that I was headed toward an informal denial of the motion to compel with respect to the overwhelming bulk of it, and I was inclined to grant only request Nos. 18 and 19, with obviously a protective order and just the tax returns being produced 2009 to present, and so those two I was inclined to grant with those limitations.

Numbers 23, 24 and 25, while I understand Attorney Ocariz's point that these are requests for production and you're asking us to produce a document, my way of limiting Nos. 23, 24, 25 was essentially to have you provide a document, create a document as you would if you were creating, you know, a privilege log, but a document that would simply answer for plaintiffs what provisions are being violated and what the theory is that producing documents would violate those provisions.

So in essence I was inclined to grant 18 and 19, and then, with the narrowing that I was proposing, Nos. 23, 24 and 25.

I can tell you that what influenced me -- and I read everything that counsel attached, every letter that was attached. The timing of the motion to compel in light of really this jurisdictional dispute and the motion to dismiss which the Court needs to rule on, I'm troubled by the length of time that there was back and forth between plaintiffs and defense.

I find that defendant's original response to the request, which was I believe provided in April, that that original request contains a number of specific objections and that plaintiffs could have picked up the phone and really in a meaningful way tried to narrow some of the requests along the lines of the objections.

And many of the objections lay out documents that have already been produced, and to the extent plaintiffs aren't clear on what documents those are, plaintiffs could have asked for that information from the defendants.

My impression from reading every document in this case is that meet and confer -- the defendants were being reasonable in terms of meeting and conferring and trying to make clear what their position was with respect to each request and that plaintiffs simply wouldn't move from their position, which was you must respond within 30 days to these requests.

You did not in any way attempt to compromise or limit your requests in a way that would be reasonable so that this case doesn't languish in terms of its timing, and some of these could have been resolved I think well before December 2018. So that really influenced strongly my take on this discovery dispute.

The characterization of the defendant's objections as boilerplate in containing no information, no specifics, just was not borne out by the defendant's actual responses. That was overstatement and hyperbole and very unfortunate I think in terms of trying to resolve a legitimate discovery dispute.

And each request deals with a declaration of Mayer, who is no longer involved in the case, and the defendants have agreed and supplied documents relied on by Mayer. And it seems to me that what I've read is an effort on the part of defendants to narrow -- have plaintiffs narrow their objections and very reasonably so. And so I was prepared, with the exception of 18, 19, 23, 24, and 25, to deny the motion to compel as to every other request for all the reasons and objections that the defendants offered.

So that's where I would have been with respect to an informal ruling, and I do not want the parties to continue to meet and confer where frankly meeting and

conferring hasn't moved the case at all, and I want to see the meet and confer process be meaningful. It's very important in this kind of case that that happen.

So going forward I anticipate that the meet and confer process will be much more meaningful than what I'm reading in all the different letters back and forth between plaintiffs and defendants.

Obviously this is one discovery dispute, I'm sure there are others, but this one in this case, the defendant's responses called for meaningful responses and compromises from plaintiffs, and that didn't happen as far as I can tell, and I don't want that to continue. I really do not want meet and confer that's not meaningful to continue.

So that's my piece with respect to the request for production of documents.

I'm also obviously influenced by the fact that it's the second request, and the first request involved 74 separate requests and generated hundreds of documents.

In any event, I know counsel are willing to come together and propose jointly a schedule with respect to the evidentiary hearing on the motion to dismiss and a format for that evidentiary hearing, and I would welcome the parties to present that jointly to me.

```
1
    I think as long as it's reasonable the Court is inclined
2
    probably simply to grant what you come up with by way of
    time frame and format.
3
4
              So that covers all items in the agenda.
 5
              If you can do a little investigation and find
    out who is the person who put their phone on hold during
6
7
    that call, you don't have to report that person to me,
    but I would like that person to be warned and told
8
    specifically by lead counsel that is not happening
9
10
    again. That is not happening again, and that person
11
    will be fined if it does happen in the future.
12
              So I think we've covered the status conference
13
    and joint agenda for today's conference.
14
              Is there anything further, Attorney Orent?
15
              MR. ORENT: There is not, your Honor.
16
              Although one logistical issue. I believe the
17
    parties had agreed, if it's okay with the Court, for a
18
    January 2nd deadline for the surreply on the motion to
19
    dismiss.
20
              THE COURT: That sounds fine.
21
              MR. ORENT: In light of the holidays.
22
              THE COURT: That sounds fine.
              Is that okay with you, Attorney Aytch?
23
24
              MS. AYTCH: Yes. I was going to just chime in
25
    and say, your Honor, yes, that we agreed to that
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deadline and that is fine with us.
1
2
              We hope everyone enjoys their holiday.
              MS. LOWRY: I'm sorry. This is Attorney
3
4
    Lowry.
5
              Before we go setting that date, Jonathan, I
6
    was calling you earlier before this call, I do want to
7
    talk to you about this January 2nd date. We may have
    some issues with a conventional filing because it's
8
    going to be under seal. We may need to talk about that
9
    before we can file that motion.
10
11
              MR. ORENT: Okav.
12
              MS. AYTCH: I will just state that defendants
13
    will be reasonable with any further extension in light
14
    of that. So if Susan or Jonathan give us an e-mail, we
15
    can work that out.
16
              MS. LOWRY: Perfect.
17
              THE COURT: Sounds good.
18
              MR. HILLIARD: Your Honor, this is Russ
    Hilliard. I just want to make an observation.
19
20
              I'm wondering -- we don't know who put the
21
    call on hold, but I'm wondering if it's happening
22
    because someone is joining the call after it initially
23
    begins and don't hear the warning from the Court not to
24
    do it.
25
              And maybe we just need to somehow give
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```
1
    advance -- just raise some advance notice to people:
                                                            Ιf
    you're joining this call, do not ever put your phone on
2
3
           They may just be missing that warning at the
4
    beginning.
5
              THE COURT: That's what I assumed happened.
              I think counsel may know who that party was
 6
7
    and maybe you can speak to that party as well, but I
    have warned at the beginning of every status conference
8
    I think since the first time it happened that people
9
10
    should not put their phones on hold.
11
              But I will tell you that I am so motivated
12
    that this not happen again that the next time we get
13
    somebody who comes on late I'm going to have that person
14
    introduce themselves and I'm going to warn them.
15
              So that's how I'm going to handle it if it's
16
    okay with you.
17
              MR. HILLIARD:
                             Okay. Thank you.
18
              THE COURT: All right. Anything further?
19
              MR. HILLIARD: All set. Thank you.
20
              MR. ORENT:
                         No, your Honor.
                                            Thank you.
21
              THE COURT: All right. Court is adjourned.
22
              Happy holidays.
23
              (Conclusion of conference at 4:09 p.m.)
24
25
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1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	
4	I, Susan M. Bateman, do hereby certify that
5	the foregoing transcript is a true and accurate
6	transcription of the within proceedings, to the best of
7	my knowledge, skill, ability and belief.
8	
9	
LO	Submitted: 4-8-19  Submitted: 4-8-19  Submitted: 4-8-19
L1	SUSAN M. BATEMAN, LCR, RPR, CRR LICENSED COURT REPORTER, NO. 34
L2	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
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